

Zero is our goal. A Safe System is how we get there.



U.S.Department of Transportation

Federal Highway Administration



# Imagine our country as a place where nobody has to die from vehicle crashes.



## Presentation Overview

1 Introduction

**2**Safe System Principles

Safe System Elements

4 Conclusion & Resources

#### A NEW DIRECTION

The Safe System approach aims to eliminate fatal and serious injuries for all road users by:



Accommodating human mistakes



Keeping impacts on the human body at tolerable levels

#### **SUCCESSFUL SAFE SYSTEM ADOPTERS**





#### Sweden

Vision Zero

60-70%

Reduction in fatalities 1994-2015

#### **Netherlands**

Sustainable Safety

50-60%

Reduction in fatalities 1994-2015

#### **Australia**

Safe System

50-60%

Reduction in fatalities 1994-2015

#### **New Zealand**

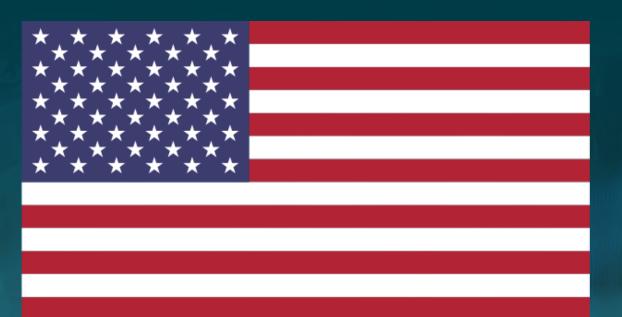
Safer Journeys

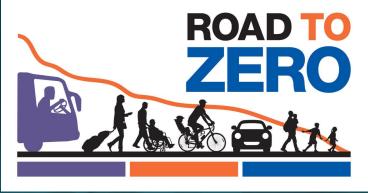
50-60%

Reduction in fatalities 1994-2015

Source: World Resources Institute

#### SAFE SYSTEM IN THE UNITED STATES

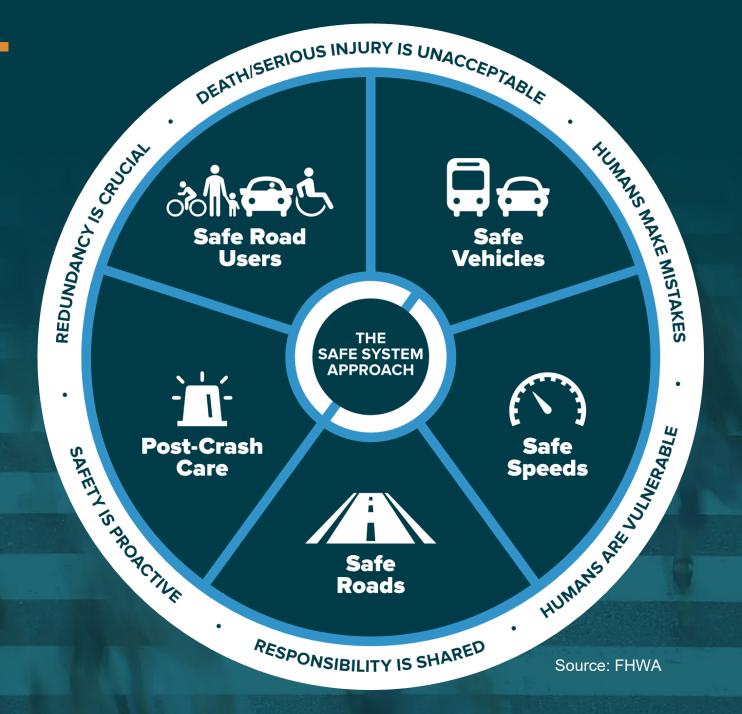




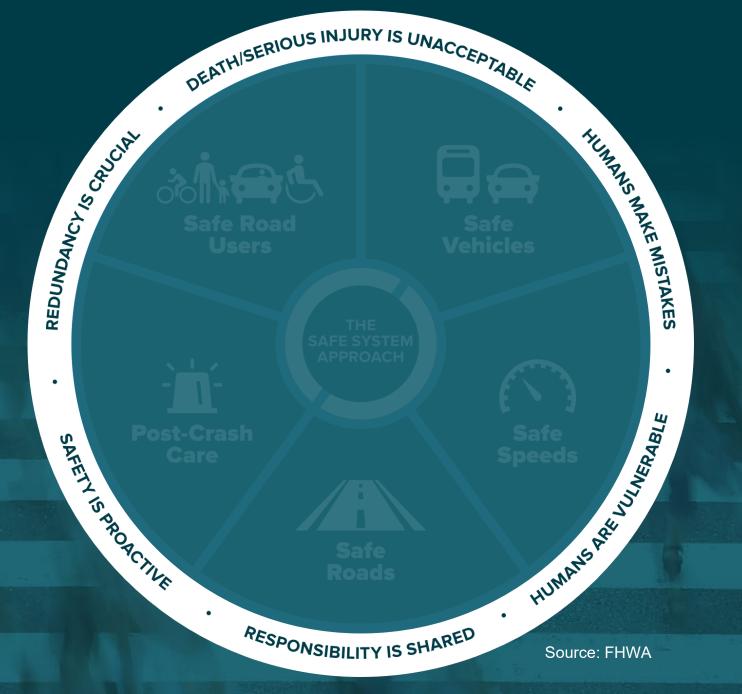


VISION44: TONETWORK

#### THE SAFE SYSTEM APPROACH



## THE 6 SAFE SYSTEM PRINCIPLES



#### **DEATH/SERIOUS INJURY IS UNACCEPTABLE**





Source: Vision Zero Network

#### **HUMANS MAKE MISTAKES**

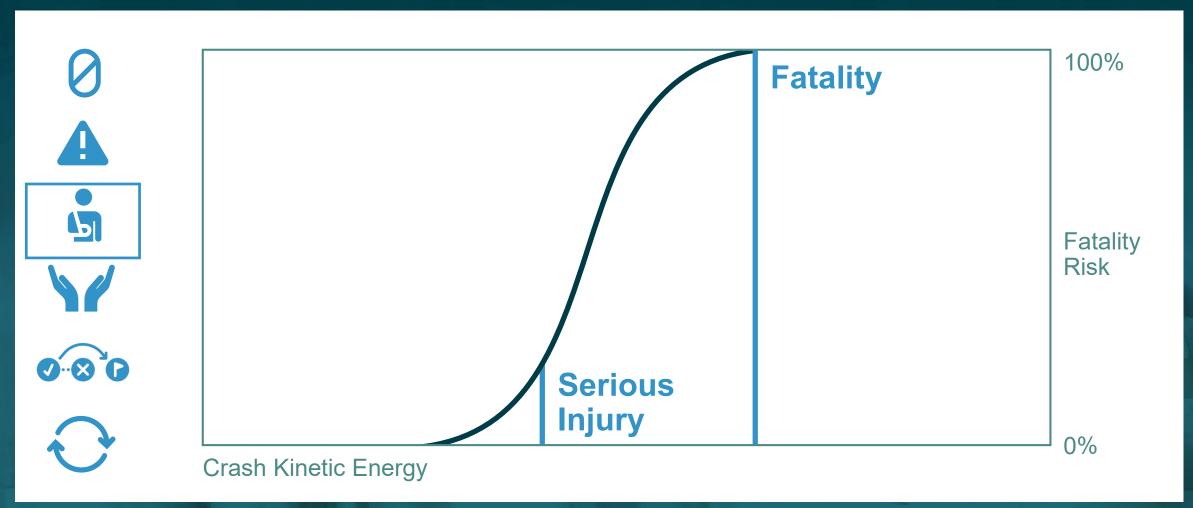






Source: Fehr & Peers

#### **HUMANS ARE VULNERABLE**



Source: FHWA

#### **RESPONSIBILITY IS SHARED**













### System managers

Planners, designers, builders, operators, maintenance workers

Vehicle manufacturers

Law enforcement personnel

Post-crash personnel

System users

#### **SAFETY IS PROACTIVE**



#### REDUNDANCY IS CRUCIAL















Safe road users



Safe vehicles



Safe speeds



Safe roads



**Post-crash** care

## THE 5 SAFE SYSTEM ELEMENTS



Source: FHWA

#### **SAFE ROAD USERS**

















**Bike** 



**Drive** 



**Transit** 



Other

#### **SAFE ROAD USERS – CONTINUED**













Not distracted or impaired



**Follow rules** 



Act within the limits of the road design

#### **SAFE VEHICLES**











#### **Active safety**

Measures to reduce the chance of a crash occurring

- Lane departure warning
- Autonomous emergency braking

#### **Passive safety**

Protective systems for when crashes do occur

- Seatbelts and airbags
- Crash-absorbing vehicle crumple zones

#### **SAFE SPEEDS**













Speed is at the heart of a forgiving road transport system. It transcends all aspects of safety: without speed there can be no movement, but with speed comes kinetic energy and with kinetic energy and human error come crashes, injuries, and even deaths."

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

#### SAFE SPEEDS: REDUCING PEDESTRIAN FATALITIES

Hit by a vehicle traveling at

23

**MPH** 

10% risk of death



Hit by a vehicle traveling at

42

**MPH** 

50% risk of death



Hit by a vehicle traveling at

58

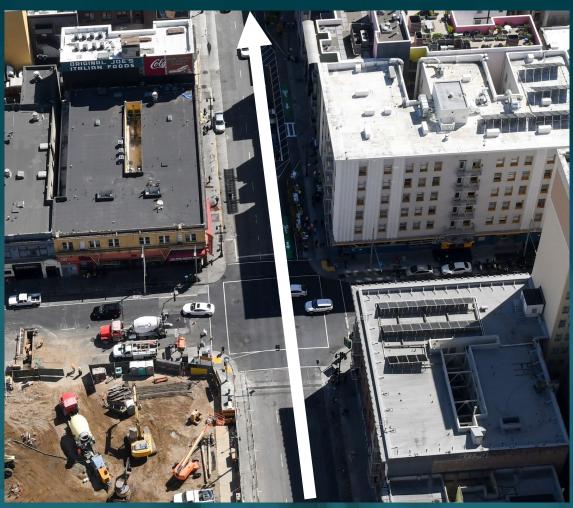
**MPH** 

90% risk of death



#### SAFE SPEED: TREATMENTS THAT MINIMIZE INJURIES

#### **Speed through typical intersection**



#### **Speed through Safe System intersection**



Source: Fehr & Peers

Source: City of Carmel, IN

#### **SAFE ROADS**











## Safe roads are designed and operated to:

- 1. Prevent crashes
- 2. Keep impacts on the human body at tolerable levels

#### **SAFE ROADS: AVOIDING CRASHES**



### Avoiding crashes involves:











Separating users in space



Separating users in time



Increasing attentiveness and awareness

#### SAFE ROADS: CRASH KINETIC ENERGY



### Managing crash kinetic energy involves:









24



Managing speed



Manipulating mass



Manipulating crash angles

Source: Fehr & Peers Source: Fehr & Peers Source: City of Carmel, IN

#### SAFE ROADS: ALL ASPECTS OF THE ROADWAY SYSTEM





Safe roads include all aspects of the roadway system:

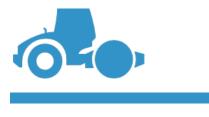












Construction



**Maintenance** 



**Operation** 

#### **POST-CRASH CARE**



### Vital post-crash actions include:











First responders



**Medical care** 



**Crash** investigation



Traffic incident management



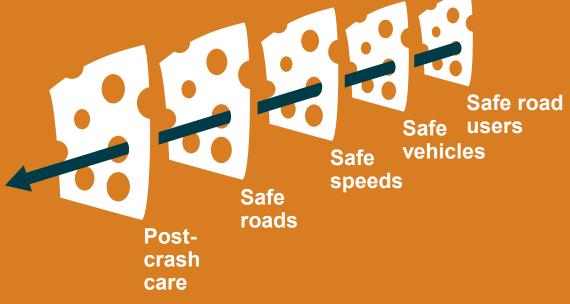
**Justice** 

#### THE 5 SAFE SYSTEM ELEMENTS CREATE REDUNDANCY

The "Swiss Cheese Model" of redundancy creates layers of protection

Death and serious injuries only happen when all layers fail



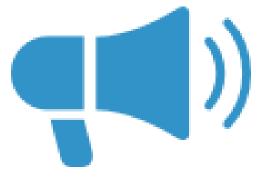


#### WHERE ARE YOU ON THE SAFE SYSTEM JOURNEY?

Traditional approach Safe System approach Prevent death and serious injuries Prevent crashes ——— Improve human behavior ——— Design for human mistakes/limitations Control speeding Reduce system kinetic energy Individuals are responsible 

Share responsibility React based on crash history — Proactively identify and address risks

#### **FHWA RESOURCES**



### **Safe System Materials**

Find more resources at: safety.fhwa.dot.gov/zerodeaths

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**Questions?**